

# PHOTOCATALYTIC REDUCTION OF CARBON DIOXIDE IN CONTINUOUS FLOW PHOTOREACTOR USING TIO<sub>2</sub>-BASED MATERIALS

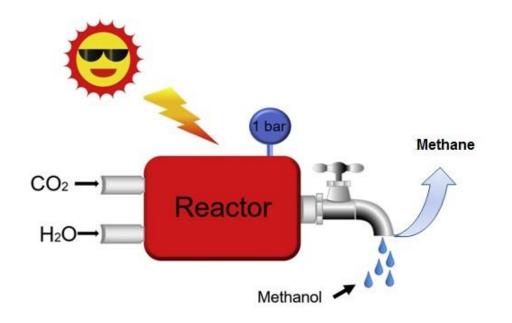
**T. Maniecki<sup>1,2</sup>**, O. Shtyka<sup>1,2</sup>, V. Shatila<sup>1</sup>, R. Ciesielski<sup>1,2</sup>, A. Kedziora<sup>1,2</sup>, S. Dubov<sup>2</sup>, D. Gromov<sup>2</sup>,

<sup>1</sup>Institute of General and Ecological Chemistry, Lodz University of Technology, Zeromskiego 116, 90-924 Lodz, Poland

<sup>2</sup>National Research University of Electronic Technology, Institute of Advanced Materials and Technologies, Shokin Square 1, 124498, Zelenograd, Moscow, Russia

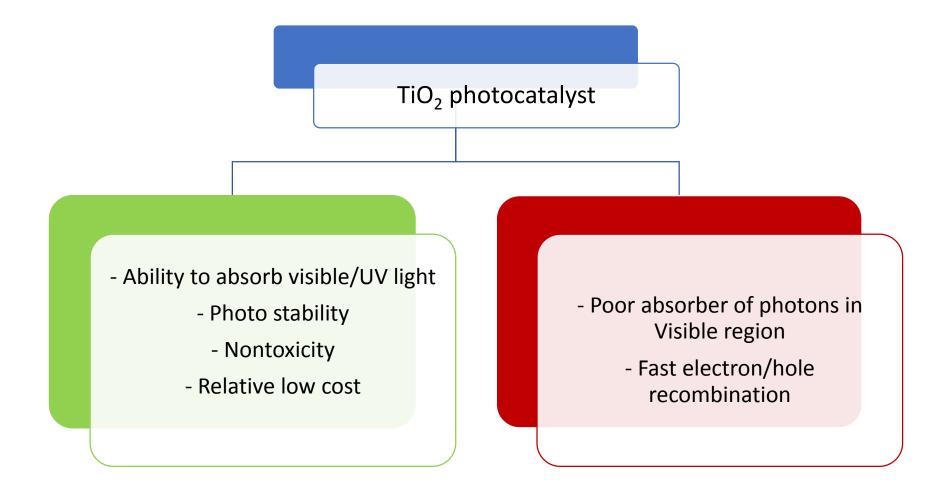


# Photocatalytic reduction of CO<sub>2</sub>



	Reactions	$\Delta G^0$ (kJ·mol <sup>-1</sup> )
1	$H_2O(I) \rightarrow H_2(g) + 1/2O_2(g)$	237
2	$CO_2(g) \to CO(g) + 1/2O_2(g)$	257
3	$CO_2(g) + H_2O(l) \rightarrow HCOOH(l) + 1/2O_2(g)$	286
4	$CO_2(g) + H_2O(l) \rightarrow HCHO(l) + O_2(g)$	522
5	$CO_2(g) + 2H_2O(l) \rightarrow CH_3OH(l) + 3/2O_2(g)$	703
6	$CO_2(g) + 2H_2O(l) \rightarrow CH_4(g) + 2O_2(g)$	818

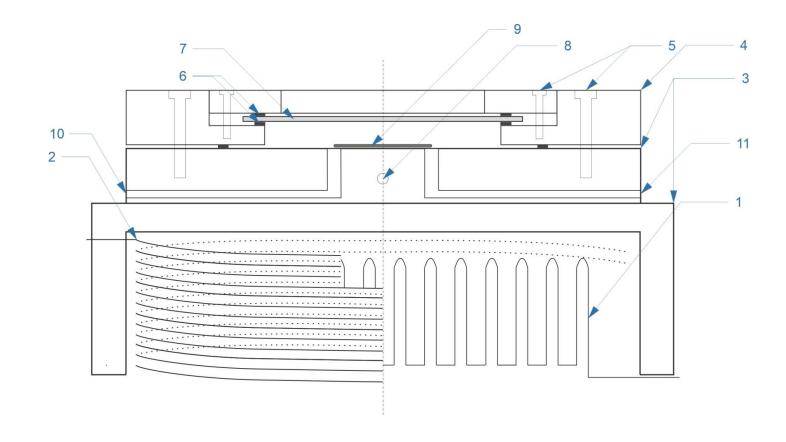






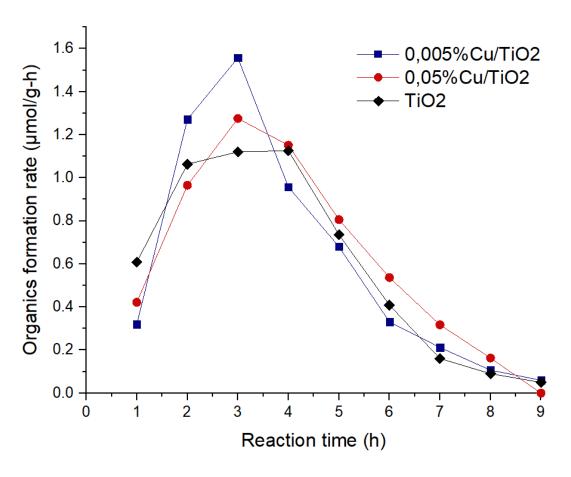
#### Scheme of the continuous flow photoreactor

- 1 heater
- 2 cooling
- 3 main reactor body
- 4 top cover
- 5 bolts
- 6 seals
- 7 quartz glass
- 8 thermocouple
- 9 photocatalyst
- 10 gas inlet
- 11 gas outlet





#### Photocatalytic activity of TiO<sub>2</sub> and Cu/TiO<sub>2</sub> samples under UV irradiation

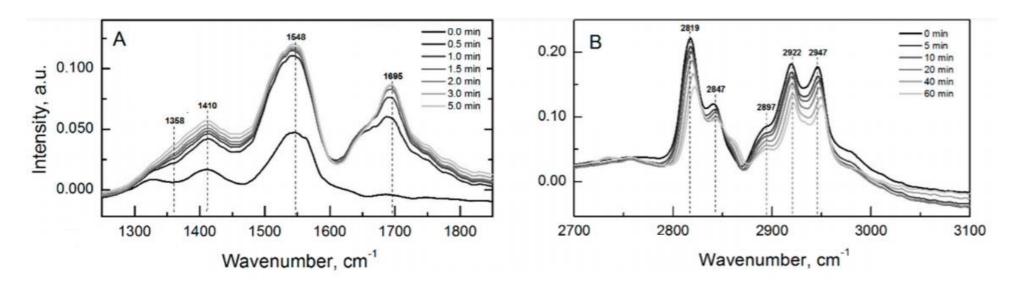


- the deposition of metal on the surface of TiO2 enhance the photocatalytic reduction of CO2 to some extend.
  However, high concentration of metal led to decreased activity.
- the photocatalysts undergo deactivation, as can be seen by the sharp decrease of formation rate of organics with time on stream.



# Why photocatalysts deactivate: fast adsorption of reactants and slow desorption of products

Adsorption of CO<sub>2</sub> (A) and desorption of methanol (B) on/from the surface of TiO<sub>2</sub>



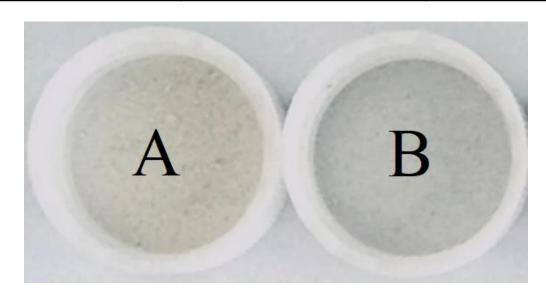
 the surface properties are needed to be adjusted to find the optimal trade-off between adsorption and desorption rate



# Why photocatalysts deactivate: reduction of TiO2 surface

### Ratio of positive secondary ions from the surface of TiO<sub>2</sub> samples

Sample	Ti2O3/Ti	Ti <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> /Total counts of ions
(A) Cu/TiO <sub>2</sub> (fresh)	18,94%	6,6%
(B) Cu/TiO <sub>2</sub> (after reaction)	13,43%	5,6%



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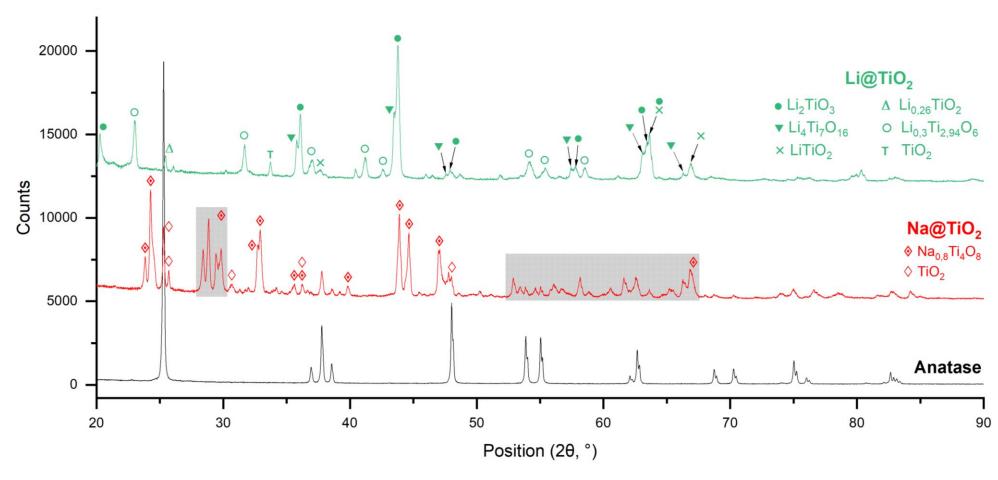


# Intercalation of metals (Na and Li) into titanium dioxide

Na+	
or	
Li+	



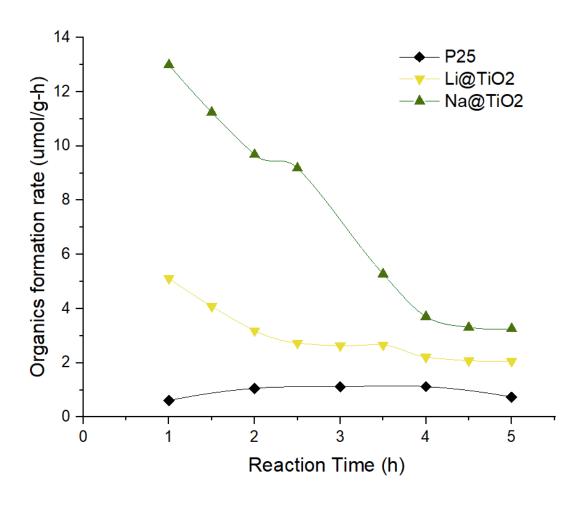
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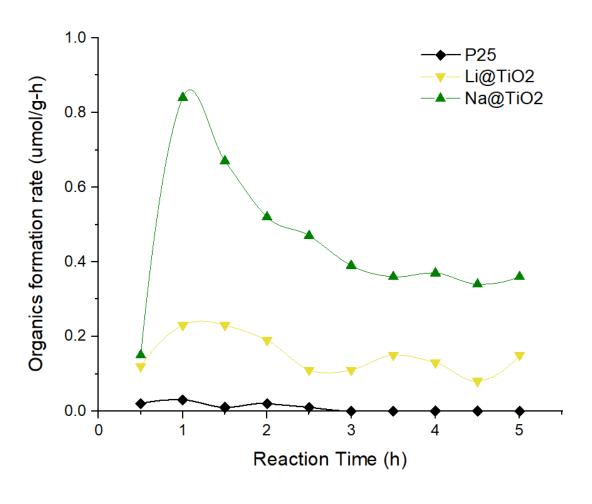
#### Photocatalytic activity of modified samples under UV irradiation



- intercalation of metal ions provides better mean of modification of TiO<sub>2</sub> than deposition.
- the Ni and Li modified samples exhibit significantly higher activity under both UV and sun light irradiation
- the stability of modified samples are still need to be improved



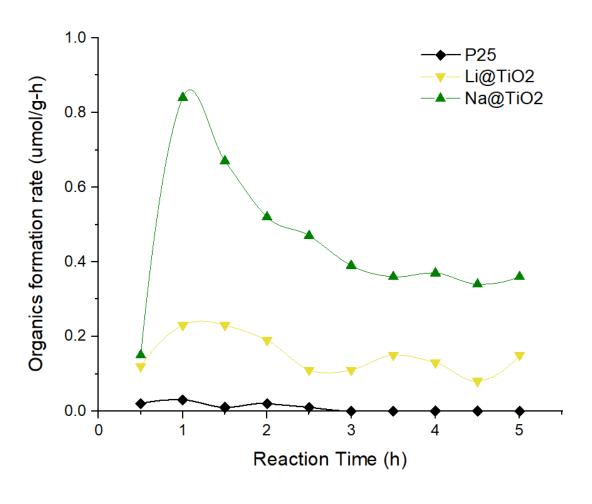
#### Photocatalytic activity of modified samples under sun light irradiation



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#### **Conclusions**

- the photocatalysts during the reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> undergo deactivation during the accumulation of reaction products.
- when metal particles were deposited on the surface of TiO2, the reduction of its surface during the reaction was observed which also inhibited the conversion of carbon dioxide.
- high concentration of metal also negatively effected the photocatalytic activity of modified samples (probably due to enhanced recombination of charge carriers).
- intercalation of metal ions provides better mean of modification of TiO2 than deposition technique: the intercalated samples exhibited high photocatalytic activity under both UV and sun light irradiation.